Statutory Licensing Sub-Committee

21st March 2023

Application for the grant of a Premises Licence

Ordinary Decision



Report of Alan Patrickson, Corporate Director of Neighbourhoods and Climate Change

Councillor John Shuttleworth, Cabinet Portfolio Holder for Neighbourhoods and Local Partnerships

Electoral division(s) affected:

Peterlee

Purpose of the Report

- The Sub-Committee is asked to consider and determine the application for the grant of a Premises Licence for Sainsburys, Passfield Way, Peterlee, Co Durham SR8 1PX.
- 2 A plan showing the location of the premises is attached at Appendix 2.

Executive summary

- The application requests the granting of a new Premises Licence and was submitted to the Licensing Authority on 3rd February 2023 by Winckworth Sherwood LLP, on behalf of the applicants Sainsbury's Supermarkets Limited.
- 4 The application requests the following activities:
 - Supply of Alcohol for consumption off the premises from 07.00 hrs until 23:00 hrs Monday to Sunday.
 - Opening Hours from 00.00 hrs until 24:00 hrs- Monday to Sunday
- During the consultation period, the Licensing Authority received two objections/representations from local residents, namely Mr Foster and Mr and Mrs Hamilton (other persons).

- Following mediation with Durham Safeguarding Children Partnership the applicant agreed to include additional conditions to the application
- Responses were received from Durham Constabulary, Environmental Health and County Durham and Darlington Fire and Rescue Service all confirmed they had no comments to make regarding the application.
- 8 The response from the Planning Department is for information only.

Recommendation(s)

- 9 The Sub-Committee is asked to determine the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives.
- 10 The Sub-Committee is recommended to give appropriate weight to:
 - (a) The steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;
 - (b) The representations (including supporting information) presented by all parties;
 - (c) The Durham County Council Statement of Licensing Policy. The relevant parts of the policy are attached at Appendix 8;
 - (d) The Guidance issued to local authorities under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (as amended December 2022). The relevant parts of the guidance are attached at Appendix 9.

Background

11 Background information

Applicant	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Limited	
Type of Application: New Premises Licence	Date received: 3 rd February 2023	Consultation ended: 3 rd March 2023

Details of the application

An application for the grant of a new Premises Licence was received by the Licensing Authority on 3rd February 2023. A copy of the application is attached at Appendix 3.

- The application is deemed by the Licensing Authority to be correctly served and advertised in accordance with the Licensing Act regulations.
- 14 The proposed activities and timings are as follows:

Licensable Activities	Days & Hours
Supply of Alcohol (off the premises)	Monday to Sunday: 07:00 – 23:00 hrs.
Open to the public	Monday to Sunday: 00:00 – 24:00 hrs.

The applicant has proposed the conditions and steps that they intend to take in order to promote the four licensing objectives, which are outlined within the applicant's Operating Schedule.

The Representations

- During the consultation period, the Licensing Authority received two representations opposing the application:
 - Mr Foster (other person)
 - Mr and Mrs Hamilton (other persons)
- 17 The Licensing Authority deemed the objections/representations as relevant, relating to the four licensing objectives:
 - The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
 - Public Safety
 - The Prevention of Public Nuisance
 - The Protection of Children from Harm

Copies of the objections/representations are attached at Appendix 4.

- Mediation took place between the applicant's agent and Durham Safeguarding Children Partnership and the applicant agreed to include additional conditions to the application. See Attached Appendix 5.
- 19 A response from the Planning Department is attached for information only. See Appendix 6.

- 20 Responses were also received from the following Responsible Authorities confirming that they had no comments to make in relation to the application:
 - Durham Constabulary
 - Durham County Council's Environmental Health Department
 - County Durham and Darlington Fire and Rescue Service

Copies of these responses are attached at Appendix 7.

The Parties

- 21 The Parties to the hearing will be:
 - Sainsburys Supermarket Ltd (Applicant)
 - Mr Robert Botkai (Applicants agent Winckworth Sherwood LLP)
 - Mr Foster (other person)
 - Mr and Mrs Hamilton (other persons)

Options

- There are a number of options open to the Sub-Committee:
 - (a) Grant the licence subject to conditions that are consistent with the operating schedule accompanying the application and the mandatory conditions set out in the Licensing Act 2003;
 - (b) Grant the licence subject to modified conditions to that of the operating schedule where the committee considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and the mandatory conditions set out in the Licensing Act 2003;
 - (c) To exclude from the scope of the licence any of the licensable activities to which the application relates;
 - (d) To refuse to specify a person on the licence as the Designated Premises Supervisor;
 - (e) To reject the application.

Main implications

Legal Implications

The Committee should be aware of a number of stated cases which have appeared before the Administrative Court and are binding on the Licensing Authority.

See Appendix 1.

Consultation

The premises licence application was subject to a 28-day consultation.

See Appendix 1

Conclusion

The Sub-Committee is asked to determine the application for the grant of a premises licence in light of the representations received.

Background papers

- Durham County Council's Statement of Licensing Policy
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (as amended December 2022)

Other useful documents

None

Contact: Karen Robson Tel: 03000 265104

Appendix 1: Implications

Legal Implications

The case of Daniel Thwaites Plc v Wirral Borough Magistrates' Court (Case No: CO/5533/2006) at the High Court of Justice Queen's Bench Division Administrative Court on 6 May 2008, [2008] EWHC 838 (Admin), 2008 WL 1968943, Before the Honourable Mrs Justice Black.

In this case it was summed up that:

A licensing authority must have regard to guidance issued by the Secretary of State under section 182. Licensing authorities may depart from it if they have reason to do so but will need to give full reasons for their actions.

Furthermore the Thwaites case established that only conditions should be attached to a licence with a view to promoting the Licensing objectives and that 'real evidence' must be presented to support the reason for imposing these conditions.

This judgement is further supported in the case of The Queen on the Application of Bristol Council v Bristol Magistrates' Court, CO/6920/2008 High Court of Justice Queen's Bench Division The Administrative Court, 24 February 2009, [2009] EWHC 625 (Admin) 2009 WL648859 in which it was said:

'Licensing authorities should only impose conditions which are necessary and proportionate for the promotion for licensing objectives'.

In addition to this, it was stated that any condition attached to the licence should be an enforceable condition.

Consultation

The premises licence application was subject to a 28 day consultation in accordance with the Licensing Act 2003 and its regulations.

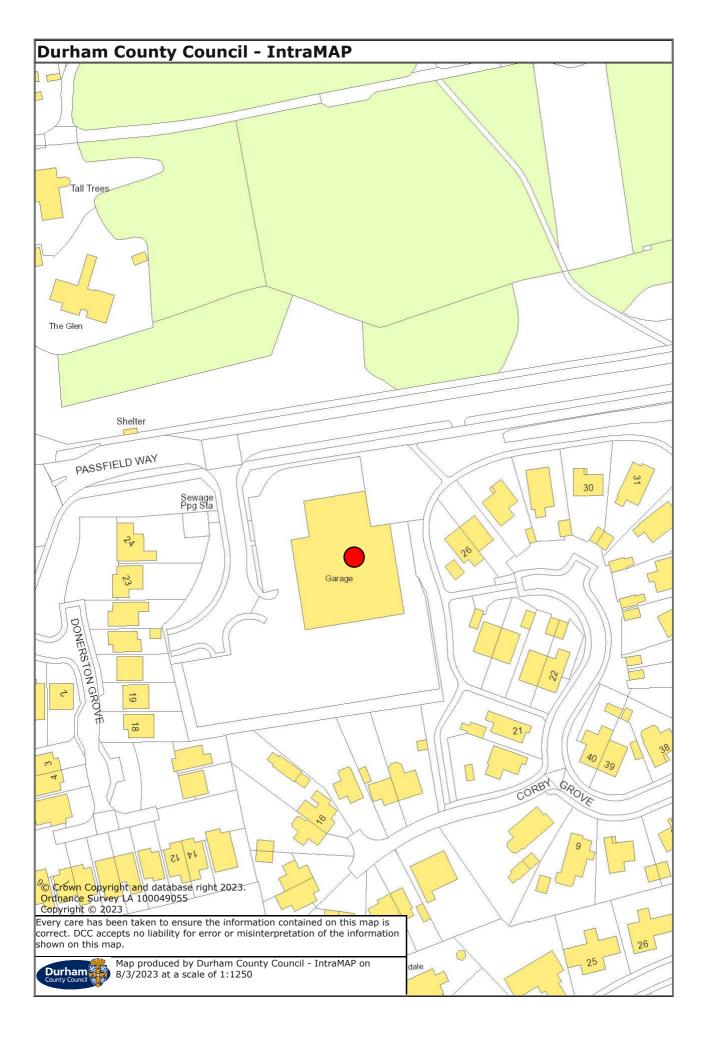
The Responsible Authorities were consulted on the application.

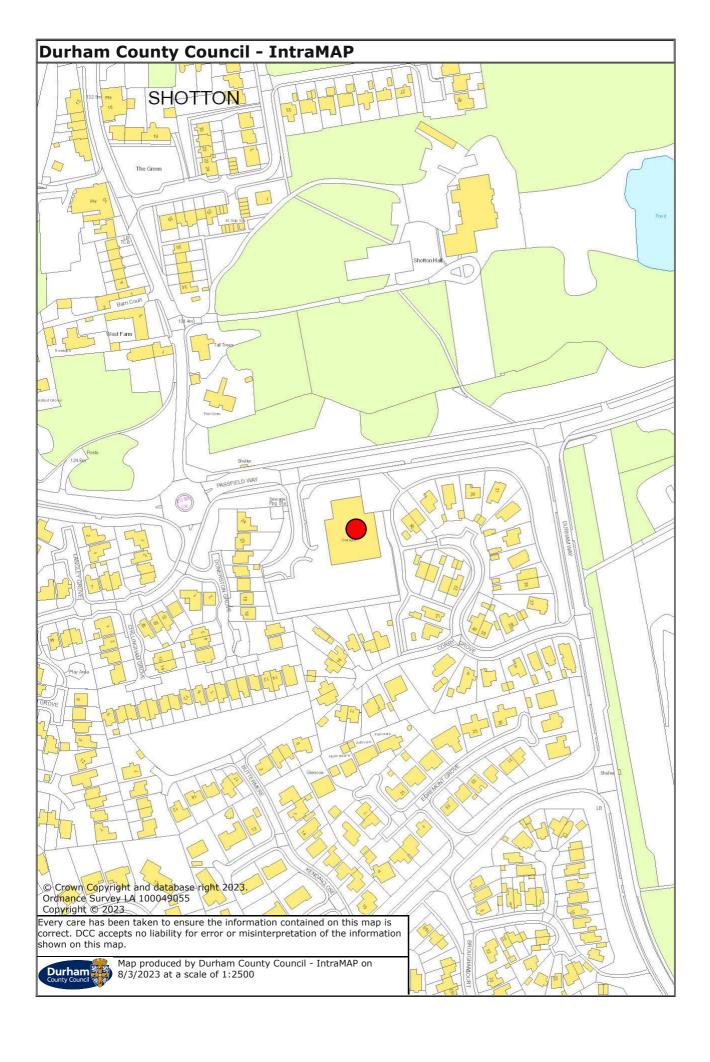
The notice of application was displayed on the premises for a period of 28 days.

Notice of the application was published in a newspaper which was circulated within the vicinity of the premises.

In addition, details of the application were available to view on the Council's website throughout the 28 day consultation period.

Appendix 2: Location Plan





Appendix 3: Premises Licence Application



County Durham Application for a premises licence Licensing Act 2003

For help contact

Telephone:

		* required information
Section 1 of 21		
You can save the form at any ti	ime and resume it later. You do not need to be	logged in when you resume.
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.
Your reference		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.
Are you an agent acting on bel • Yes	half of the applicant? Io	Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.
Applicant Details		
* First name	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd	
* Family name	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd	
* E-mail		
Main telephone number		Include country code.
Other telephone number		
☐ Indicate here if the appli	cant would prefer not to be contacted by telep	phone
Is the applicant:		
 Applying as a business or organisation, including as a sole trader Applying as an individual 		A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.
Applicant Business		
Is the applicant's business registered in the UK with Companies House?	YesNo	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.
Registration number		
Business name		If the applicant's business is registered, use its registered name.
VAT number -		Put "none" if the applicant is not registered for VAT.
Legal status		

Continued from previous page			
Applicant's position in the business	Legal Team		
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the applicant's headquarters are.	
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.	
Building number or name	33		
Street	Holborn		
District			
City or town	London		
County or administrative area			
Postcode	EC1N 2HT		
Country	United Kingdom		
Agent Details			
* First name	Andrew		
* Family name	Sanders		
* E-mail			
Main telephone number	Include country code.		
Other telephone number			
☐ Indicate here if you wou	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone		
Are you:			
An agent that is a busine			
person without any special legal structure. A private individual acting as an agent			
Agent Business			
Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	• Yes No	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.	
Registration number	OC334359		
Business name	Winckworth Sherwood LLP If your business is registered, use its registered name.		
VAT number -	NA Put "none" if you are not registered for VA		
Legal status	Limited Liability Partnership		

Continued from previous page		
Your position in the business	Licensing Assistant	
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Agent Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
Building number or name	Minerva House	
Street	5 Montague Close	
District		
City or town	London	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	SE1 9BB	
Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 21		
PREMISES DETAILS		
	ply for a premises licence under section 17 of the premises) and I/we are making this application the Licensing Act 2003.	
Premises Address		
Are you able to provide a posta	al address, OS map reference or description of t	he premises?
AddressOS ma	p reference O Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	Sainsbury's	
Street	Passfield Way	
District		
City or town	Peterlee	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	SR8 1PX	
Country	United Kingdom	
Further Details		
Telephone number		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)	107,000	

Secti	on 3 of 21			
APPL	ICATION DETAILS			
In wh	at capacity are you applyi	ng for the premises licence?		
	An individual or individua	als		
\boxtimes	A limited company / limit	ed liability partnership		
	A partnership (other than	limited liability)		
	An unincorporated assoc	iation		
	Other (for example a state	utory corporation)		
	A recognised club			
	A charity			
	The proprietor of an educ	cational establishment		
	A health service body			
	A person who is registered under part 2 of the Care Standards Act 2000 (c14) in respect of an independent hospital in Wales			
	A person who is registered under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 in respect of the carrying on of a regulated activity (within the meaning of that Part) in an independent hospital in England			
	The chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales			
Conf	firm The Following			
\boxtimes	I am carrying on or proposing to carry on a business which involves the use of the premises for licensable activities			
	I am making the applicati	on pursuant to a statutory function		
	I am making the application pursuant to a function discharged by virtue of Her Majesty's prerogative			
Secti	Section 4 of 21			
NON	INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT	S		
	<u> </u>	ddress of applicant in full. Where appropriate give any registered number. In the case of a ure (other than a body corporate), give the name and address of each party concerned.		
Non	Individual Applicant's N	ame		
Nam	е	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd		
Deta	ils			
_	stered number (where icable)			
Desc	ription of applicant (for ex	ample partnership, company, unincorporated association etc)		

Continued from previous page		
Company		
Address		
Building number or name	33	
Street	Holborn	
District		
City or town	London	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	EC1N 2HT	
Country	United Kingdom	
Contact Details		
E-mail		
Telephone number		
Other telephone number		
* Date of birth		
	dd mm yyyy	
* Nationality	NA	Documents that demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK
	Add another applicant	
Section 5 of 21		
OPERATING SCHEDULE		
When do you want the premises licence to start?	04 / 03 / 2023 dd mm yyyy	
If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end	dd mm yyyy	
Provide a general description of	of the premises	
licensing objectives. Where yo	ses, its general situation and layout and any othe ur application includes off-supplies of alcohol ar plies you must include a description of where th	nd you intend to provide a place for
A convenience store located or	n Passfield Way, Peterlee, SR8 1PX. The site is cur	rently a car sales room.

Continued from previous page	
If 5,000 or more people are	
expected to attend the premises at any one time,	
state the number expected to	
attend	
Section 6 of 21	
PROVISION OF PLAYS	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing plays?	
○ Yes	No
Section 7 of 21	
PROVISION OF FILMS	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing films?	
	No
Section 8 of 21	
PROVISION OF INDOOR SPOR	RTING EVENTS
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing indoor s	porting events?
○ Yes	No
Section 9 of 21	
PROVISION OF BOXING OR W	RESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing boxing of	or wrestling entertainments?
○ Yes	No
Section 10 of 21	
PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing live mus	ic?
○ Yes	No
Section 11 of 21	
PROVISION OF RECORDED M	USIC
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing recorded	d music?
○ Yes	No
Section 12 of 21	
PROVISION OF PERFORMANO	CES OF DANCE
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing perform	ances of dance?

Continued from previous	page			
Section 13 of 21				
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	ING OF A SIMII	AR DESCRIPTION TO LIV	E MUSIC, REG	CORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF
See guidance on regula				
Will you be providing a performances of dance		to live music, recorded mu	isic or	
○ Yes	No			
Section 14 of 21				
LATE NIGHT REFRESHI				
Will you be providing la	•	ment?		
○ Yes	● No			
Section 15 of 21				
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL				
Will you be selling or su	upplying alcoho	i?		
Yes	○ No			
Standard Days And Ti	mings			
MONDAY				Give timings in 24 hour clock.
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	End		of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY				,
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	
	Start	End	20.00	
	Start	LIIU		
WEDNESDAY				
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	
	Start	End		
THURSDAY				
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	
	Start	 End		
FRIDAY				
FRIDAT	Ct and 07.00		22.00	
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	
	Start	End		
SATURDAY				
	Start 07:00	End	23:00	
	Start	End		

Continued from previous page			
SUNDAY			
Start	07:00	End 23:00	
Start		End	
Will the sale of alcohol be for c	onsumption:		If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on
On the premises	Off the premises	Both	the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.
State any seasonal variations			
For example (but not exclusive	ely) where the activity will occ	ur on additional da	ays during the summer months.
Non-standard timings. Where to column on the left, list below	the premises will be used for t	he supply of alcoh	nol at different times from those listed in the
For example (but not exclusive	ely), where you wish the activit	ty to go on longer	on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
State the name and details of t licence as premises supervisor		to specify on the	
Name			
First name	Joanne		
Family name	Surguy		
Date of birth			

Continued from previous page	
Enter the contact's address	
Building number or name	
Street	
District	
City or town	
•	
County or administrative are	
Postcode	
Country	
Personal Licence number	
(if known)	
Issuing licensing authority	
(if known)	
PROPOSED DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR CONSENT	
How will the consent form of the proposed designated premise be supplied to the authority?	es supervisor
C Electronically, by the proposed designated premises supe	rvisor
 As an attachment to this application 	
Reference number for consent	If the consent form is already submitted, ask
form (if known)	the proposed designated premises supervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your
Cashian 1/ af 01	reference'.
Section 16 of 21 ADULT ENTERTAINMENT	
Highlight any adult entertainment or services, activities, or other	er entertainment or matters ancillary to the use of the
premises that may give rise to concern in respect of children	of criterian ment of matters and many to the use of the
Give information about anything intended to occur at the prenrise to concern in respect of children, regardless of whether you	intend children to have access to the premises, for example
(but not exclusively) nudity or semi-nudity, films for restricted a	ge groups etc gambling machines etc.
INA	
Section 17 of 21	
HOURS PREMISES ARE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC	
Standard Days And Timings	
MONDAY	
Start 00:00 Er	Give timings in 24 hour clock. (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
Start Start Er	of the week when you intend the premises

Continued from previous	page		
TUESDAY			
	Start 00:00	End	24:00
	Start	End	
WEDNESDAY			
	Start 00:00	End	24:00
	Start	End	
THURSDAY			
HIOKSDAT	Start 00:00	End	24:00
	Start	End	
FRIDAY			
	Start 00:00	End	
	Start	End	
SATURDAY			
	Start 00:00	End	24:00
	Start	End	
SUNDAY			
	Start 00:00	End	24:00
	Start	End	
State any seasonal varia	ations		
-		e activity will occur on	additional days during the summer months.
	<u> </u>		ne applicant asks that the hours not be restricted by the
premises licence.	ie store are not a nec	crisable detivity and th	to applicant usits that the nours not be restricted by the
			be open to the members and guests at different times from
those listed in the colur			
For example (but not ex	(clusively), where yo ———	ou wish the activity to g	go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
Section 18 of 21 LICENSING OBJECTIVE	c		
Describe the steps you		omote the four licensin	na objectives:
a) General – all four lice			g -
a, ochiciai – ali ioui ilce	rianing objectives (D,C	14,0)	

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.		
b) The prevention of crime and disorder		
1. The licence holder will ensure that the premises benefit from a CCTV system that operates at all times when licensable activities are taking place.		
2. The system will incorporate a camera covering each of the entrance doors and the main alcohol display area and will be capable of providing an image which is regarded as identification standard. The precise positions of the cameras may be agreed, subject to compliance with Data Protection legislation, with the police from time to time.		
3. The system will incorporate a recording facility and any recording will be retained and stored in a suitable and secure manner for a minimum of 30 days and will be made available, subject to compliance with Data Protection legislation, to the police for inspection on request.		
4. The system must be able to export recorded images to a removable means e.g. CD/DVD and have its own software enabled to allow playback/review.		
5. A member of staff trained in the use of the CCTV system must be available at the premises at all times that the premises are open to the public.		
6. The system will display, on any recording, the correct time and date of the recording.		
c) Public safety		
The applicant will at all times maintain adequate levels of staff and security. Such staff and security levels will be disclosed, on request, to the licensing authority and police.		
d) The prevention of public nuisance		
Signage will be displayed at the exit of the premises requesting customers leaving the premises late at night to do so quietly and with consideration so as not to disturb nearby residents.		
e) The protection of children from harm		
The premises licence holder will ensure that an age verification policy will apply to the premises whereby all cashiers will be trained to ask any customer attempting to purchase alcohol, who appears to be under the age of 25 years (or older if the licence holder so elects) to produce, before being sold alcohol, identification being a passport or photocard driving licence bearing a holographic mark or other form or method of identification that complies with any mandatory condition that may apply to this licence.		
Section 19 of 21		
NOTES ON DEMONSTRATING ENTITLEMENT TO WORK IN THE UK		

Entitlement to work/immigration status for individual applicants and applications from partnerships which are not limited liability partnerships:

A licence may not be held by an individual or an individual in a partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any premises licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have an entitlement to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. They do this in one of two ways: 1) by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the documents listed below (which do not need to be certified), or 2) by providing their 'share code' to enable the licensing authority to carry out a check using the Home Office online right to work checking service (see below).

Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is A British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A current Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, when produced in combination with an
 official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a
 Government agency or a previous employer.

- A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to
 work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a
 licensable activity.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder
 with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not
 subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity
 when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance
 number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, less than 6 months old, issued by the Home Office under regulation 18(3) or 20(2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK
 with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or
 reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration
 decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but
 who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in
 the UK including:-
 - evidence of the applicant's own identity such as a passport,
 - evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
 - evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
 - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
 - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,
 - (iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
 - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHIC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities. If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

- (i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;
- (ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;
- (iii) any page containing the holder's signature;
- (iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and
- (v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

Home Office online right to work checking service

As an alternative to providing a copy of the documents listed above, applicants may demonstrate their right to work by allowing the licensing authority to carry out a check with the Home Office online right to work checking service.

To demonstrate their right to work via the Home Office online right to work checking service, applicants should include in this application their 9-digit share code (provided to them upon accessing the service at https://www.gov.uk/prove-right-to-work) which, along with the applicant's date of birth (provided within this application), will allow the licensing authority to carry out the check.

In order to establish the applicant's right to work, the check will need to indicate that the applicant is allowed to work in the United Kingdom and is not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

An online check will not be possible in all circumstances because not all applicants will have an immigration status that can be checked online. The Home Office online right to work checking service sets out what information and/or documentation applicants will need in order to access the service. Applicants who are unable to obtain a share code from the service should submit copy documents as set out above.

Section 20 of 21

NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT

In terms of specific **regulated entertainments** please note that:

- Plays: no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- Films: no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- Indoor sporting events: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment: no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- Live music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
- Recorded Music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

- Dance: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500. However, a performance which amounts to adult entertainment remains licensable.
- Cross activity exemptions: no licence is required between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, with no limit on audience size for:
 - any entertainment taking place on the premises of the local authority where the entertainment is provided 0 by or on behalf of the local authority;
 - any entertainment taking place on the hospital premises of the health care provider where the 0 entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the health care provider;
 - any entertainment taking place on the premises of the school where the entertainment is provided by or 0 on behalf of the school proprietor; and
 - any entertainment (excluding films and a boxing or wrestling entertainment) taking place at a travelling 0 circus, provided that (a) it takes place within a moveable structure that accommodates the audience, and (b) that the travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

Section 21 of 21

PAYMENT DETAILS

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Premises Licence Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/ business rates/index.htm

Premises licence fees can be calculated by visiting the Department for Culture Media and Sport website at http://www. culture.gov.uk/what_we_do/alcohol_and_entertainment/3193.aspx

There is an exemption from the payment of fees in relation to the provision of regulated entertainment at church halls, chapel halls or premises of a similar nature, village halls, parish or community halls, or other premises of a similar nature. The costs associated with these licences will be met by central Government. If, however, the licence also authorises the use of the premises for the supply of alcohol or the provision of late night refreshment, a fee will be required. Schools and sixth form colleges are exempt from the fees associated with the authorisation of regulated entertainment where the entertainment is provided by and at the school or college and for the purposes of the school or college.

If you operate a large event you are subject to ADDITIONAL fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time.

Details of these additional fees can be found on the website http://www.culture.gov.uk/what_we_do/ alcohol_and_entertainment/4040.aspx

* Fee amount (£)	

DECLARATION

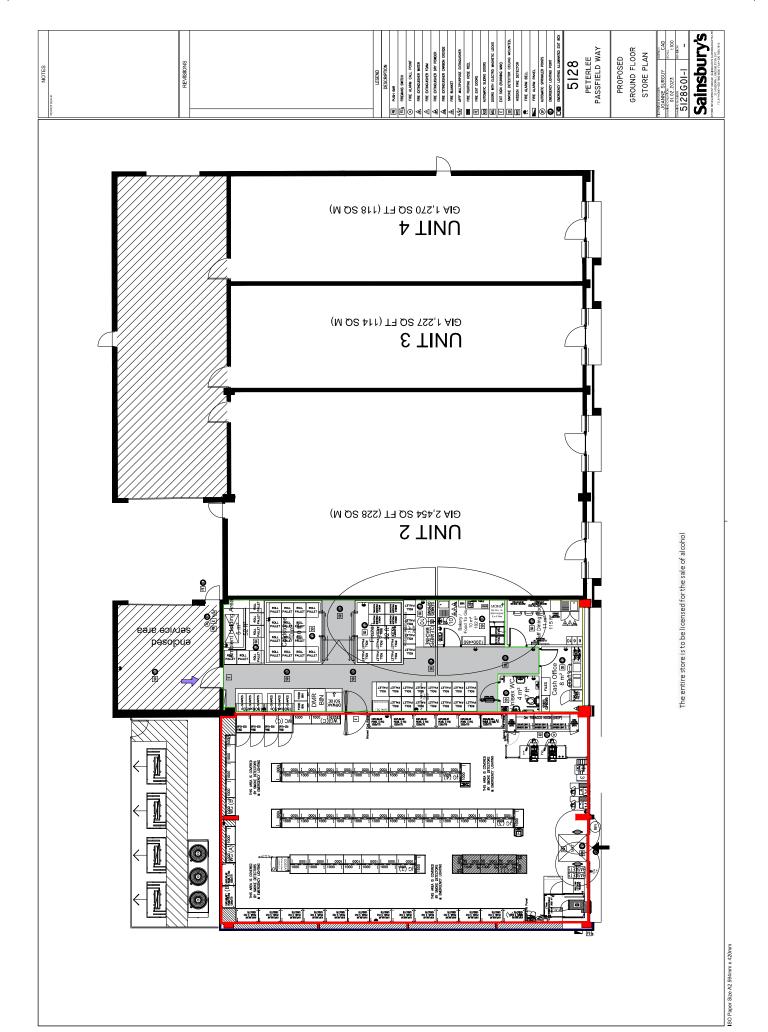
[Applicable to individual applicants only, including those in a partnership which is not a limited liability partnership]. I understand I am not entitled to be issued with a licence if I do not have the entitlement to live and work in the UK (or if I am subject to a condition preventing me from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity) and that my licence will become invalid if I cease to be entitled to live and work in the UK (please read guidance note 15). The DPS named in this application form is entitled to work in the UK (and is not subject to conditions preventing him or her from doing work relating to a licensable activity) and I have seen a copy of his or her proof of entitlement to work, if appropriate (please see note 15)

Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration

This section should be completed by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?"

* Full name	Winckworth Sherwood LLP
* Capacity	Agent

Continued from previous page				
* Date	03 / 02 / 2023 dd mm yyyy			
	Add another signatory			
continue with your applicatio	outer by clicking file/save as ov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/county-durham/apply-1 to upload this file and			
	SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE AKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION			
IT IS AN OFFENCE UNDER SECTION 24B OF THE IMMIGRATION ACT 1971 FOR A PERSON TO WORK WHEN THEY KNOW, OR HAVE REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THEY ARE DISQUALIFIED FROM DOING SO BY REASON OF THEIR IMMIGRATION STATUS. THOSE WHO EMPLOY AN ADULT WITHOUT LEAVE OR WHO IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT WILL BE LIABLE TO A CIVIL PENALTY UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE IMMIGRATION, ASYLUM AND NATIONALITY ACT 2006 AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE SAME ACT, WILL BE COMMITTING AN OFFENCE WHERE THEY DO SO IN THE KNOWLEDGE, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS DISQUALIFIED				
OFFICE USE ONLY				
Applicant reference number				
Fee paid				
Payment provider reference				
ELMS Payment Reference				
Payment status				
Payment authorisation code				
Payment authorisation date				
Date and time submitted				
Approval deadline				
Error message				
Is Digitally signed				
1 2 3 4	<u>5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21</u> Next >			



Appendix 4: Objections/Representations from Residents

From:

Sent: 20 February 2023 15:53

To: AHS Licensing

Subject: Sainsburys Passfield Way Peterlee sr81px

Categories:

Dear Sir madam,

Due to the proposed types of development pizza place and hot food availability on this site until late at night Anti social behaviour is going to be a major concern because of the vicinity, being so close to residences and bedrooms on Three sides.

Allowing the sale of alcohol on this site will create a far more hostile and threatening environment, as even with all the available restrictions in place, the wrong people can always get round them.

Creation of noise nuisance disturbance and antisocial behaviour and assaults in the area will be far more probable. I therefore strongly object to the granting of an alcohol license for the premises in the subject line shown Thank You

Regards.
A foster
Corby grove
sr81py

From:

Sent: 03 March 2023 16:31 **To:** Karen Robson

Subject: RE: New Premises Licence Application - Sainsbury Passfield Way

Peterlee

A Foster Corby Grove Peterlee County Durham SR8 1PY

Dear Ms Robson,

Due to the location of this site and the facilities available, Takeaway Dominos fast food facilities and large car park, located just 190metres from A19.

Whereas this area at the moment.is quiet and surrounded on 3 sides by old people in Bungalows and childrens bedrooms only 10 to 20 metres away.

Because of it's location. This site will become a magnet for, with the wrong elements being attracted from Shotton Colliery Wingate and nearby areas of Peterlee which have a history of anti social behaviour. and disorder. This has a real potential of becoming a playground for boy racers and young people causing all the associated problems.

Most problems at the moment are centred around areas were youths gather. Unfortunately there is little else for them to do in Peterlee so the location has the potential of importing major problems to the area.

We have Shotton Hall Academy almost adjacent and a primary school very close by total 700 pupils.

Anti social behaviour is going to be a major concern noise nuisance and disturbance assaults and increased crime will all be magnified with access to alcohol .

The granting of an alcohol licence from 7am till 11pm on this new development would be a totally irresponsible action ,considering the negative social consequences that are brought about by alcohol in the Peterlee area. Considering this proposed retail site is located only 10 to 20 metres away from bungalows bedroom with elderly residents bedrooms on 1 side and bedrooms of children on 2 of the other sides .

disturbances will result in sleep deprivation and subsequent deterioration in residents and childrens health welfare and well being.

It beggars belief that Durham Constabulary do not object to these alcohol licence applications .surely that would decrease their work load as they struggle to respond quickly at all at he moment if even at all.

It is my opinion that large retailers that open smaller satellite convenience stores should take more responsibility. Considering the negative impact and social breakdown of both residential areas and young families by alcohol during the current stressful times.

Making alcohol accessible on almost every corner and their doorstep from early morning till late at night certainly does not help. Seems like a more responsible standpoint to take by the Local Authority the large supermarket chains and their Solicitors should be taken.

Also considering the cheek and abuse their staff have to contend with which is prevalent at Sainsburys local nearby.

Remembering that there is a significant chance that some of groups that will be attracted to this site will be of an age to obtain alcohol . it will easily go down the line to younger people.

Due to the type of site this store is planned for , the sale of alcohol on this site will create a far more hostile and threatening environment ,for patrons and nearby residents ,as even with all the available restrictions in place, the wrong people can always get round them as I describe in the former paragraph .

Creation of crime noise nuisance disturbance and antisocial behaviour and assaults in the area will be far more probable and serious, due to the availability of alcohol.

All of the above will attribute to degradation of the area . I therefore strongly object to the granting of an alcohol license for these premises

Thank	You
Regard	ls.

A Foster

From: M Hamilton
Sent: 22 February 2023 10:02

To: AHS Licensing

Subject: Evans Halshaw site in Peterlee

Categories:

Hello

I would like to object to the request of an alcoholic license from Sainsburys on the Evans Halshaw site in Peterlee County Durham.

This will cause antisocial behaviour late at night in the area or at any time where we live. House prices will go down where we live.

More traffic in the area so this will cause more congestion at both roundabouts where people need to get out from both estates.

So We strongly disagree with an alcohol licence been granted to Sainsburys on the Evans Halshaw site.

Regards,

M Hamilton
D Hamilton

Address Donerston Grove,

Castlegate
Peterlee.
Co Durham.
Sr81qh

Appendix 5: Mediation with Responsible Authority



www.durham-scp.org.uk County Hall Durham DH1 5UJ

Tel Number

Email:

Our Ref: TM/Sainsburys Supermarket Ltd (Peterlee)/0223

7th February 2023

Sainsburys Supermarket Limited, Passfield Way, Peterlee, Co Durham SR8 1PX

Dear Sir/Madam,

Re: Application for a New Premises Licence – Sainsburys Supermarket Ltd (Peterlee)

I represent the Durham Safeguarding Children Partnership (DSCP) which is a responsible authority under the Licensing Act. I have received a copy of your application for a premises licence for Sainsburys Supermarket Ltd (Peterlee).

I welcome your proposal for verification of age.

Having considered the steps you have recorded to promote the licensing objectives, in particular the protection of children, I consider that the steps require more clarity or there are some matters which I consider are absent.

The steps I consider should be included are identified in the proposed wording below:

- <u>Maintain a refusals register</u> where a sale of alcohol is refused if a person appears intoxicated or appears
 to be under 18, a refusal register / log to be updated. The register to be made available to the police on
 request.
- <u>Training of staff</u> all staff responsible for selling age restricted goods to be trained to implement the age
 verification policy. Staff training to include the risk from proxy sales. Training records for staff to be
 maintained and refresher training to be provided annually. The purpose of this letter is for you to
 consider these suggestions.

Next Steps – You need to consider the representations I have made. If you are happy for the recommendations to be included in your application please confirm this by replying to the Licensing Section <u>Licensing@durham.gov.uk</u>



The Durham Safeguarding Children Partnership are concerned about the availability of alcohol to children and encourage licensees to work with us in introducing steps, like those above in an attempt to safeguard children. I consider these steps are proportionate and have proven to be successful when implemented in similar applications. Once these recommendations are in your application, the matter will be deemed resolved and your application would be progressed.

Regards

Tracy Maratty

Durham Safeguarding Children Partnership Administration Officer

From: Helen Johnson - Licensing Team Leader (N'hoods)

Sent: 13 February 2023 09:51

To: Clare Parry

Cc: Karen Robson; Yvonne Raine

Subject: RE: Application for the grant of a premises licence - Sainsburys,

Passfield Way, Peterlee

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

Hi Clare

Please see highlighted below conditions which have been agreed.

Thanks

Helen Johnson Licensing Team Leader Community Protection Service

Neighbourhoods and Climate Change

Direct: Mobile: Email:

From: Andrew Sanders Sent: 09 February 2023 12:59

To: Helen Johnson - Licensing Team Leader (N'hoods)

Subject: RE: Application for the grant of a premises licence - Sainsburys, Passfield Way, Peterlee

Hi Helen

Our client are happy to offer additional conditions for training and refusals, but would like to use their standardised wording for both to allow for consistency across the business. Would the Safeguarding Children's Partnership agree to the following conditions:

1. All staff engaged or to be engaged in the sale of alcohol on the premises shall receive training in age restricted sales.

Induction training must be completed and documented prior to the sale of alcohol by the staff member.

Refresher/reinforcement training must be completed and documented at intervals of no more than 6 months.

Training records will be kept at the premises available for inspection by a police officer on request.

2. All cashiers shall be trained to record refusals of sales of alcohol in a refusals register. The register will contain:

- details of the time and date the refusal was made:
- the identity of the staff member refusing the sale;
- details of the alcohol the person attempted to purchase.

This register will be available for inspection by a police officer on request.

Kind Regards

Andrew

Andrew Sanders Senior Licensing Assistant



From: Helen Johnson - Licensing Team Leader (N'hoods)

Sent: 09 February 2023 11:36

To: Andrew Sanders

Subject: Application for the grant of a premises licence - Sainsburys, Passfield Way, Peterlee

Importance: High

Dear Andrew

As you are aware the above application is currently out to consultation. I have received a response from one of the responsible authority's namely the Council's Durham Safeguarding Children's Partnership. They would like to see the following steps included in the operating schedule of the application for the promotion of the licensing objectives:

- Maintain a refusals register where a sale of alcohol is refused if a person appears intoxicated or appears to be under 18, a refusal register / log to be updated. The register to be made available to the police on request.
- Training of staff all staff responsible for selling age restricted goods to be trained to implement the age verification policy. Staff training to include the risk from proxy sales.
 Training records for staff to be maintained and refresher training to be provided annually.
 The purpose of this letter is for you to consider these suggestions.

I would be grateful if you can consider the above and let me know if you wish to amend the application to include the above within the operating schedule?

Kind regards

Helen Johnson

Licensing Team Leader
Community Protection Service
Neighbourhoods and Climate Change

Web: www.durham.gov.uk
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Appendix 6: Response from the Planning Department

Contact: Jess White

Direct Tel: email:

Your ref:

Our ref: CON28/23/00308



Clare Parry Annand House Meadowfield Durham DH7 8RS

27th February 2023

Dear Clare Parry

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

Proposed Application for a new premises licence

At Evans Halshaw Passfield Way Peterlee SR8 1PX

For Clare Parry

A consultation has been forwarded on to the Local Planning Authority regarding the Application for a new premises licence.

The proposed premises license relates to a new retail unit located at the above address. There is currently a pending planning application in progress (ref. DM/22/02891/FPA) which is likely to go to Planning Committee to be decided. However, during the consultation process, Nuisance Action Team have recommended that hours of opening for all units on this site except Unit 3 (Cooplands) have limited opening hours, 07.00-11.00, which will be followed through with an appropriate condition. Therefore, if this application is approved, the proposed hours of opening on the new premises license would be going against the hours of opening restricted by the planning application.

Yours sincerely

Jess White Assistant Planning Officer

Regeneration, Economy and Growth

Durham County Council, Planning Development (Central East), Room 4/86-102, County Hall, Durham, DH1 5UL Main Telephone:

Appendix 7: Responsible Authority Responses

Karen Robson

From: Licensed Economy Team
Sent: 13 February 2023 13:44

To: Clare Parry
Cc: AHS Licensing

Subject: RE: Licensing Act 2003 - New Premises Licence Application Received -

Sainsburys, Passfield Way, SR8 1PX

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon,

Durham Constabulary have no objections

Thank you

Kind regards
VIRI GILL 8118
Durham Constabulary
Admin Clerical Officer
Licensing Economy Team
Annand House Meadowfield

Be you, Bring You, Be part of the Durham Difference



Our Values & Vision:

Positive | Fair | Courageous | Inclusive | With Integrity

Protecting Neighbourhoods, Tackling Criminals, Solving Problems

From: Kelly Gilmore-Craze
Sent: 06 February 2023 14:12

To: Clare Parry

Subject: RE: Licensing Act 2003 - New Premises Licence Application Received - Sainsburys,

Passfield Way, SR8 1PX

MEMO



To: Ms Clare Parry Licensing Services

From: Mrs Kelly Gilmore-Craze

Neighbourhoods and Climate Change

Date: 6 February 2023

Re: Licensing Application New Premises Licence

Sainsburys (not yet trading), Passfield Way Peterlee SR8 1PX

With reference to the above licensing application received on 3 February 2023.

I have assessed the application with reference to the prevention of public nuisance licensing objective and would confirm I have no objection to raise in relation to the granting of the above Premises Licence.

Kind Regards,

Email:

Kelly Gilmore-Craze
Senior Environmental Health Officer
Community Protection Service
Neighbourhoods and Climate Change
Durham County Council
Annand House
Meadowfield
Durham
DH7 8RS
Tel:

Web: www.durham.gov.uk

Follow us on Twitter @durhamcouncil Like us at facebook.com/durhamcouncil

From: David Cuthbertson
Sent: 07 February 2023 13:59

To: Clare Parry

Subject: Sainsburys, Passfield Way, Peterlee, SR8 1PX

Attachments:

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status:

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Claire,

Please find attached the Fire Authorities Response to the License Application for Sainsburys, Passfield Way, Peterlee, SR8 1PX

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any further questions in regard to this application or any fire safety issues.

Many thanks,

David.

David Cuthbertson Business Fire Safety Officer

County Durham and Darlington Fire and Rescue Service

Mob: Email:

www.ddfire.gov.uk



Appendix 8: Statement of Licensing Policy

7.1 The Prevention of Crime and Disorder - Licensed premises, especially those offering late night / early morning entertainment, alcohol and refreshment can, if not properly managed, become a source of public nuisance, generating crime and disorder problems. The council expects all licensed premises to be properly managed at all times to prevent this from happening and will focus attention on standards of management practice at licensed premises when carrying out its administrative and enforcement functions.

The council encourages, and will look positively on, the provision by licensees of comprehensive and documented staff training. Documented staff training conducted in respect of:

- Preventing underage sales
- Minimising drunkenness
- Managing and resolving conflict
- Emergency procedures
- Compliance with the licence conditions
- Relevant obligations and offences under the Licensing Act, particularly those associated with the sale of alcohol
- Identification and refusal of underage sales
- Use of accredited training courses and recognised industry qualifications (e.g. BII)

The council expects every holder of a premises licence, club premises certificate or temporary event notice to be responsible for minimising the impact of crime, disorder and anti-social behaviour by their patrons both on and within the immediate vicinity of their premises, including for example on the pavement, in a beer garden, a marquee, in a smoking shelter etc.

The **council expects** all applicants to demonstrate, in their operating schedules, that suitable and sufficient measures, ranging from the design and layout of the premises through to the daily operation of the business, have been identified and will be implemented and maintained with the intention of preventing crime and disorder.

The council recommends that procedures to deal with drunken customers, violence and anti-social behaviour, in and outside premises, and the provision of closed-circuit television in certain premises should be considered by applicants, licencees and event organisers when addressing this issue.

The council encourages personal licence holders to actively participate in established "Pubwatch" schemes, where issues relating to crime and disorder can be addressed. The council encourages involvement in the "Best Bar None" initiative which enables premises to demonstrate good safe operating procedures. Such schemes have been very successful in reducing the negative impact of alcohol across a range of circumstances.

The council recognises and promotes effective and responsible management of all licensed and authorised premises through competent, efficient and regular instruction, recorded training, supervision of staff and the adoption of good practice,

such as 'Challenge 25'. These are amongst the most important control measures for the achievement of all Licensing Objectives.

The council will take a positive view of anyone who invests in appropriate training, and nationally accredited qualifications tailored to the licensing sector. Training records should be kept available for inspection by relevant enforcement agencies as a matter of good practice.

It is important that qualified and competent people are present who can discuss any problems or matters of concern arising from the licensable activities at or near to the premises with officers from DCC Licensing Services and Police.

The council also considers it to be good practice if the DPS or premises licence holder is present in the licensed area of the premises:

- Between 22:00 hours and closing time, when the premises is one that regularly opens after midnight for both regulated entertainment and the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises
- At all times when the premises are a "vertical drinking establishment" where little or no seating is provided
- At times where there is a substantial increase in customers i.e. for televised major sporting events etc.

Maximum occupancy: When its discretion is invoked, the council will only impose a maximum number of people that can attend premises or an event where there is a clear and justifiable need in respect of that premises or event. Any such decision will be based on the nature and style of the operation.

The council will consider information provided by the applicant and any other body (the Council's Building Control Section, Environmental Health Section and the Durham and Darlington Fire and Rescue Service) before setting a maximum number. Applicants will be expected to detail the arrangements that would be put in place e.g. provision of door staff to ensure that the permitted number of people attending the premises or event will not be exceeded.

Security: Whenever security operatives/door supervisors are employed at licensed premises to carry out security functions they must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority (SIA). If a licensee directly employs security operatives, they will need to be licensed by the SIA as a supervisor/manager. The numbers of licensed door supervisors, both male and female, required at any premises will be dependent upon the nature of the activities licensed and the characteristics and capacity of the establishment as well as the hours of trading.

Toughened/Safety Glass: Licensed venues that provide the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises should consider the introduction of toughened/safety glass. This policy expectation applies especially to any premises associated with a higher risk for potential crime and disorder. This will be particularly

relevant for high-volume vertical drinking establishments and those premises open beyond midnight in areas where there is a high concentration of venues.

The council and several of its partners have signed a collective new pledge as part of an ongoing campaign to eradicate single use plastics. The agreement commits all signatories to significantly reduce, and work towards ultimately removing, the use of unnecessary single use plastics from their operations. If alternatives to normal glass are used, the use of suitable alternatives, including non-single use plastics, is encouraged.

Drugs/Knives/Weapons: The council will expect licensees to take all reasonable steps to prevent the presence of drugs on licensed premises and to take appropriate steps to prevent drugs changing hands or consumed within the premises to prevent tragedies and harm because of drug misuse.

The council will expect licensees to be familiar with the Home Office Drug Strategy booklet entitled Safer Clubbing (ISBN 1840827807) or other subsequent editions. The council also expects that licence holders will also take steps to prevent the presence of knives and other weapons on their premises and that a log be kept of all drug, knife and weapon incidents. Licence holders should also consider arranging training for their staff on drugs, knives and weapons and to have policies for dealing with the possession of drugs, knives and weapons and the supply of drugs.

In addition to the information provided above, **Table 1 in Appendix VI** provides recommendations, suggestions and examples for how to prevent the specific crime/disorder outlined. This table is not exhaustive, and every applicant must consider the specific situation, location and circumstances associated with their premises, activities, clientele and workforce when identifying hazards, assessing risks and identifying controls.

7.2 Public Safety - The Act covers a wide range of premises that require licensing. Each of these types of premises presents a mixture of risks, with many common to most premises, and others unique to specific operations. It is essential that applicants acknowledge these risks and that premises are constructed or adapted and operated to safeguard occupants and people in the immediate vicinity who may be affected by the premises and activities taking place therein.

Applicants are advised to seek advice on such matters from the council's occupational health and safety team, Health and Safety Executive, Durham Constabulary and the Durham and Darlington Fire and Rescue Service. They should incorporate any recommendations from these responsible authorities in their Operating Schedule before submitting their applications. Matters for consideration include:

- First Aid
- Public security
- Event control
- Polycarbonate Glass
- Fire Safety
- Electrical safety
- Building safety
- Transport
- Drink driving issues
- Occupancy levels

In addition to the information provided above, **Table 2 in Appendix VI** provides recommendations, suggestions and examples of how to prevent the specific dangers outlined. This table is not exhaustive, and every applicant must consider the specific situation, location and circumstances associated with their premises, activities, clientele and workforce when identifying hazards, assessing risks and identifying controls.

7.3 Prevention of Public Nuisance - Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can cause a range of nuisances impacting on people living, working or sleeping near the premises.

The concerns relate, amongst other things, to litter, light pollution, noxious odours and noise nuisance resulting from music, human voices, ventilation equipment and vehicles. The **council will expect** applicants to demonstrate that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified, and will be implemented and maintained, with the intention of preventing public nuisance relevant to the individual style, location and characteristics of the premises and events.

If an external structure or area is to be used by customers, whether for consumption of alcohol or for smoking, the **applicant will be expected** to offer measures designed to minimise its impact on residents in respect of both public nuisance and crime and disorder. These measures may include a restriction on hours that areas / structures will be used or appropriate signage requesting customers to consider residents and monitoring of such areas by staff.

The placement of tables and chairs outside of licensed premises may give rise to public nuisance including noise and litter. When tables and chairs are situated on the public highway, relevant authorisations will often be required from the Highways Authority. Enquiries concerning such consents should be made to the Council's Highway's Section (see Appendix III). In predominantly commercial areas, such as shopping centres, the use of tables and chairs outside may be allowed however, the **council will normally expect** them to be removed before the premises close, and any resulting litter/debris cleared away.

Applicants should consider reducing potential noise nuisance by, for example (this list is not exhaustive):

- Assessment of likely noise levels in the premises
- Assessment of likely noise levels if outdoor drinking is allowed
- The sound insulation the building would provide (e.g. double glazing, double doors / lobbies to entrances, windows used for ventilation)
- The distance and direction to the nearest noise sensitive premises.
- Likely noise sources outside of the premises (e.g. emptying bottle bins, taxis, unruly customers leaving the premises)
- Dispersal of patrons where necessary the council will expect a dispersal policy for patrons at the end of the evening. The policy will specify such issues as alterations to the style and volume of music played, public address announcements and use of appropriate signage at exits
- Ways to limit noise / disorder from patrons leaving the premises

The extent to which the above matters will need to be addressed will be dependent on the nature of the area where the premises are situated, the type of premises concerned, the licensable activities to be provided, operational procedures and the needs of the local community.

Applicants are advised to seek advice from Durham County Council's Environmental Health team and incorporate any recommendations in their operating schedule before submitting their applications.

Takeaways and fast-food outlets - The council expects takeaways and latenight refreshment premises to take reasonable steps in clearing litter from outside their premises and along the pavement in either direction as necessary, whilst the premises are open and at the end of the working day. These premises should maintain clean, dirt or grease free frontages. Such premises should also display notices advising customers of the location of bins and patrons should be encouraged to use the bins made available.

<u>Important note:</u> The council considers that it will be inappropriate to grant a premises licence permitting the sale of alcohol at premises which are principally used for selling hot food for consumption off the premises ("takeaway" premises).

Takeaway premises are often open late at night and in the early hours of the morning. They can be associated with disorder as people under the influence of alcohol may congregate outside takeaways after leaving or in some cases having been ejected from late-night licensed premises.

Takeaways operate within the night time economy but without the same framework around them, e.g. pubwatch, use of security staff etc. In addition, alcohol sold from takeaways could readily be consumed in public spaces and may not be subject to the same controls associated with other types of licensed premises.

From a health perspective, obesity levels are rising nationally and locally; without action the health of the population will continue to suffer. Responsible licensees can support the 'Working toward a healthy weight in County Durham' goals and the council would see the following steps as a contribution to reducing health harms and health inequalities:

- Menu to display calories per portion information for all food offers.
- Menu to offer at least one clear and stated, 'healthy option' and to be priced competitively.
- Menu to display recommended daily calorie limits for adults (For women the recommended limit is 2,000 calories a day for men it's 2,500).
- Menu to offer smaller / half portions.
- Salt and pepper available upon request rather than always on the table

In addition to the information provided above, **Table 3 in Appendix IV** provides recommendations, suggestions and examples of how to prevent the specific nuisance type outlined. This table is not exhaustive, and every applicant must consider the specific situation, location and circumstances associated with their premises, activities, clientele and workforce when identifying hazards, assessing risks and identifying controls.

7.4 Protection of Children from Harm - the protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological and physical harm. This includes not only protecting children from the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption but also wider harms such as exposure to strong language and sexual expletives (for example, in the context of exposure to certain films or adult entertainment). The Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act 2003 also makes clear that the authority must also consider the need to protect children from sexual exploitation when undertaking licensing functions.

While the Act does not prohibit children from having free access to any licensed premises, the council recognises that limitations may have to be considered where it appears necessary to protect children from physical, moral or psychological harm and the effects of alcohol on parenting. Applicants must be clear in their operating schedules about the activities and times at which the events would take place to help determine when it is not appropriate for children to enter the premises.

Consideration should also be given to the proximity of premises to schools and youth clubs so that applicants take appropriate steps to ensure that advertising relating to their premises or relating to events at their premises, is not displayed at a time when children are likely to be near the premises.

The council will expect applicants, when preparing an operating schedule or club operating schedule, to set out the steps to be taken to protect children from harm when on the premises. The council will also expect any licence holder who wishes to hold events for children to provide it, and the Police, with a detailed risk assessment of that event including how the event will be managed, staffing levels for the event and how any child will be prevented from being exposed to any harm.

The council will give considerable weight to representations about child protection matters particularly from the Local Safeguarding Children's Board who act as the responsible authority under the Act for matters relating to child protection. In addition to the responsible authority whose functions relate directly to child protection, the Director of Public Health may also have access to relevant evidence to inform such representations.

These representations may include, amongst other things, the use of health data about the harms that alcohol can cause to underage drinkers. Where a responsible authority, or other person, presents evidence to the council, linking specific premises with harms to children (such as ambulance data or emergency department attendances by persons under 18 years old with alcohol- related illnesses or injuries), this evidence will be considered. The council will also consider what action is appropriate to ensure this licensing objective is effectively enforced.

In relation to applications for the grant of a licence in areas where evidence is presented, on high levels of alcohol-related harms in persons aged under 18, the council will also consider what conditions may be appropriate to ensure that this objective is promoted effectively.

The council will judge the merits of each separate application before deciding whether to impose conditions limiting the access of children to individual premises where it is necessary to prevent physical, moral or psychological harm.

The council will expect all licence holders or premises, that wish to allow children on to their premises, to ensure that access is restricted where appropriate. This could include ensuring that all children are accompanied and that they do not have access to, or sight of, alcohol. The council will consider the following when dealing with a licence application where children may have limited access:

- Limitations on the hours when children may be present.
- Limitations or exclusion when certain activities are taking place.
- Requirements for an accompanying adult to be present.
- Full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when certain licensable activities are taking place (e.g. entertainment of a sexual nature).
- Limitations on the parts of premises to which children might be given access.
- Any other limitations appropriate to the application and according with the four licensing objectives.

The council recommends that retailers of alcohol ensure that their staff are properly trained in all aspects of responsible retailing, including the sale of alcohol and age restricted sales. The Council fully endorses and promotes knowledge of and adherence to Challenge 25 within the retail business sector.

Further advice and information on age restricted sales and training can be found by contacting Durham County Council's Trading Standards service at trading.standards@durham.gov.uk

The council will work closely with the Police and the Council's Trading Standards service to ensure the appropriate enforcement of the law, especially relating to the sale and supply of alcohol to children. We know alcohol is harmful to the health of children and young people whose minds and bodies are still developing.

Alcohol must not be served to persons under the age of 18, except in limited circumstances allowed by the law, and then only after verifying a person's proof of age e.g. 16 and 17-year-olds may drink beer, wine or cider with a table meal in relevant premises, where accompanied by an adult aged 18 years or over. The currently accepted verifications for proof of age are a passport, a photo card driving licence or a proof of age scheme such as Challenge 25.

The council is aware of a young person's vulnerability to alcohol and events, which are aimed at children under the age of 18 years on licensed premises, will not be supported by the council unless the applicant can demonstrate that all safeguards for children have been addressed (such as the removal of alcohol advertising).

The council, Durham Constabulary Harm Reduction Unit and the Local Safeguarding Children Board have produced a "good practice guide" for an event catering for under-18's and mixed events of under and over 18's. This guide is highly recommended by the council and should be adhered to by licence holders and event organisers. The guide is reproduced in Appendix I.

Recorded staff training programs, the use of a refusals register, in-store signage and limited access to alcoholic drink can all reduce the likelihood of illegal sales and proxy sales and are encouraged by the council.

Access to Cinemas: The 2003 Act requires that any premises showing films must ensure that children are not able to view age restricted films (as classified by the British Board of Film Classification). **The council will expect** any licence holder or applicant who intends to show films to outline suitably robust measures on how they will protect children from exposure to this potential harm. The authority may impose suitable conditions if it believes it is required for the promotion of the four licensing objectives.

The Act provides that it is mandatory for Licensing Authorities to include a condition in all premises licences and club certificates authorising the exhibition of film, for the admission of children to the exhibition of any film to be restricted in accordance with the recommendations given to films either by the British Board of Film Classification or by the council itself.

Should the council need to adopt its own system of film classification the information regarding such classifications will be published on the council's website.

Children and Public Entertainment: Many children go to see and/or take part in entertainment arranged especially for them. For example, children's film shows and dance or drama school productions, and additional arrangements may be required to safeguard them while at the premises. Where many children are likely to be present on any licensed premises, for example a children's pantomime, disco/rave or similar event, the authority expects all children to be supervised by an appropriate number of adults and to ensure that the venues put measures in place to prevent any child being exposed to harm.

Where entertainment requiring a licence is specifically presented for children, the council will normally expect the presence of at least one member of staff from the Licensed premises for every 50 children present to ensure their safety and protection from harm and to control their access and egress from the premises. The council will require those caring for or supervising children to have undergone an appropriate criminal record check with the Disclosure and Barring Service.

Venue operators may also apply their own admissions policy to their premises. If a venue has carried out a risk assessment that deems it appropriate to exclude children or young persons from their premises, then that is a matter for them.

The council will expect all venue operators to risk assess their venues accordingly against the nature of the licensable activities they intend to carry out. This could include, for example, allowing accompanied children into a premise up until a certain time and then excluding them for the rest of the time the premises are open.

Regarding this licensing objective, the council considers Durham County Council Safeguarding Children Board to be the competent authority for matters relating to the protection of children from harm. A protocol exists between Durham Local Safeguarding Children Board and Durham Constabulary. All safeguarding concerns identified because of premises, personal applications and all variations to licences are covered by this protocol.

Applicants are advised to seek advice from the Local Safeguarding Children Board and incorporate any recommendations in their Operating Schedule before submitting their applications.

The council strongly recommends that events, involving persons under the age of 18 years and persons over 18 years, do not take place unless there are sufficient and robust control measures in place. Experience has shown that mixed age events are extremely difficult to control and manage and they have led to persons under the age of 18 being exposed to alcohol and entertainment late into the night.

It is the council's view that mixed age events should not take place within the late-night economy, particularly at venues that are alcohol and entertainment-led and which are operating late at night. It is the council's view that these mixed aged events can have an adverse impact on a young persons wellbeing as well exposing them to unacceptable levels of harms associated with the night time economy.

In addition to the information above, **Table 4 in Appendix VI** provides recommendations, suggestions and examples of how to protect children from each of the dangers outlined. This table is not exhaustive, and every applicant must consider the specific situation, location and circumstances associated with their premises, activities, cliental and workforce when identifying hazards, assessing risks and identifying controls.

Appendix 9: Section 182 Guidance

Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.2 In the exercise of their functions, licensing authorities should seek to co-operate with the Security Industry Authority ("SIA") as far as possible and consider adding relevant conditions to licences where appropriate. The SIA also plays an important role in preventing crime and disorder by ensuring that door supervisors are properly licensed and, in partnership with police and other agencies, that security companies are not being used as fronts for serious and organised criminal activity. This may include making specific enquiries or visiting premises through intelligence led operations in conjunction with the police, local authorities and other partner agencies. Similarly, the provision of requirements for door supervision may be appropriate to ensure that people who are drunk, drug dealers or people carrying firearms do not enter the premises and ensuring that the police are kept informed.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises (see paragraph 10.10). For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.4 The inclusion of radio links and ring-round phone systems should be considered an appropriate condition for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These systems allow managers of licensed premises to communicate instantly with the police and facilitate a rapid response to any disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.
- 2.5 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.

2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that evidence of a right to work check, either physical or digital (e.g. a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check or a clear copy of the online right to work check) are retained at the licensed premises.

Public safety

- 2.7 Licence holders have a responsibility to ensure the safety of those using their premises, as a part of their duties under the 2003 Act. This concerns the safety of people using the relevant premises rather than public health which is addressed in other legislation. Physical safety includes the prevention of accidents and injuries and other immediate harms that can result from alcohol consumption such as unconsciousness or alcohol poisoning. Conditions relating to public safety may also promote the crime and disorder objective as noted above. There will of course be occasions when a public safety condition could incidentally benefit a person's health more generally, but it should not be the purpose of the condition as this would be outside the licensing authority's powers (be ultra vires) under the 2003 Act. Conditions should not be imposed on a premises licence or club premises certificate which relate to cleanliness or hygiene.
- 2.8 A number of matters should be considered in relation to public safety. These may include:
 - · Fire safety:
 - Ensuring appropriate access for emergency services such as ambulances;
 - Good communication with local authorities and emergency services, for example communications networks with the police and signing up for local incident alerts (see paragraph 2.4 above);
 - Ensuring the presence of trained first aiders on the premises and appropriate first aid kits:
 - Ensuring the safety of people when leaving the premises (for example, through the provision of information on late-night transportation);
 - Ensuring appropriate and frequent waste disposal, particularly of glass bottles;
 - Ensuring appropriate limits on the maximum capacity of the premises (see paragraphs 2.12-2.13, and Chapter 10; and
 - Considering the use of CCTV in and around the premises (as noted in paragraph 2.3 above, this may also assist with promoting the crime and disorder objective).
- 2.9 The measures that are appropriate to promote public safety will vary between premises and the matters listed above may not apply in all cases. As set out in Chapter 8 (8.38-8.46), applicants should consider when making their application which steps it is appropriate to take to promote the public safety objective and demonstrate how they achieve that.

Ensuring safe departure of those using the premises

- 2.10 Licence holders should make provision to ensure that premises users safely leave their premises. Measures that may assist include:
 - Providing information on the premises of local taxi companies who can provide safe transportation home; and
 - Ensuring adequate lighting outside the premises, particularly on paths leading to and from the premises and in car parks.

Maintenance and repair

Where there is a requirement in other legislation for premises open to the public or for employers to possess certificates attesting to the safety or satisfactory nature of certain equipment or fixtures on the premises, it would be inappropriate for a licensing condition to require possession of such a certificate. However, it would be permissible to require as a condition of a licence or certificate, if appropriate, checks on this equipment to be conducted at specified intervals and for evidence of these checks to be retained by the premises licence holder or club provided this does not duplicate or gold-plate a requirement in other legislation. Similarly, it would be permissible for licensing authorities, if they receive relevant representations from responsible authorities or any other persons, to attach conditions which require equipment of particular standards to be maintained on the premises. Responsible authorities – such as health and safety authorities – should therefore make their expectations clear in this respect to enable prospective licence holders or clubs to prepare effective operating schedules and club operating schedules.

Safe capacities

- 2.12 "Safe capacities" should only be imposed where appropriate for the promotion of public safety or the prevention of disorder on the relevant premises. For example, if a capacity has been imposed through other legislation, it would be inappropriate to reproduce it in a premises licence. Indeed, it would also be wrong to lay down conditions which conflict with other legal requirements. However, if no safe capacity has been imposed through other legislation, a responsible authority may consider it appropriate for a new capacity to be attached to the premises which would apply at any material time when the licensable activities are taking place and make representations to that effect. For example, in certain circumstances, capacity limits may be appropriate in preventing disorder, as overcrowded venues can increase the risks of crowds becoming frustrated and hostile.
- 2.13 The permitted capacity is a limit on the number of persons who may be on the premises at any time, following a recommendation by the relevant fire and rescue authority under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005. For any application for a premises licence or club premises certificate for premises without an existing permitted capacity where the applicant wishes to take advantage of the special provisions set out in section 177 of the 2003 Act¹, the applicant should conduct their own risk assessment as to the appropriate capacity of the premises. They should send their recommendation to the fire

¹ S 177 of the 2003 Act now only applies to performances of dance.

- and rescue authority which will consider it and decide what the "permitted capacity" of those premises should be.
- 2.14 Public safety may include the safety of performers appearing at any premises, but does not extend to the prevention of injury from participation in a boxing or wrestling entertainment.

Public nuisance

- 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.
- 2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.
- 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, the most sensitive

period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

- 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in antisocial behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Protection of children from harm

- 2.22 The protection of children from harm includes the protection of children from moral, psychological and physical harm. This includes not only protecting children from the harms associated directly with alcohol consumption but also wider harms such as exposure to strong language and sexual expletives (for example, in the context of exposure to certain films or adult entertainment). Licensing authorities must also consider the need to protect children from sexual exploitation when undertaking licensing functions.
- 2.23 The Government believes that it is completely unacceptable to sell alcohol to children. Conditions relating to the access of children where alcohol is sold and which are appropriate to protect them from harm should be carefully considered. Moreover, conditions restricting the access of children to premises should be strongly considered in circumstances where:
 - adult entertainment is provided;
 - a member or members of the current management have been convicted for serving alcohol to minors or with a reputation for allowing underage drinking (other than in the context of the exemption in the 2003 Act relating to 16 and 17 year olds consuming beer, wine and cider when accompanied by an adult during a table meal);
 - it is known that unaccompanied children have been allowed access;
 - there is a known association with drug taking or dealing; or
 - in some cases, the premises are used exclusively or primarily for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises.
- 2.24 It is also possible that activities, such as adult entertainment, may take place at certain times on premises but not at other times. For example, premises may operate as a café bar during the day providing meals for families but also provide entertainment with a sexual content after 8.00pm. It is not possible to give an exhaustive list of what amounts

to entertainment or services of an adult or sexual nature. Applicants, responsible authorities and licensing authorities will need to consider this point carefully. This would broadly include topless bar staff, striptease, lap-, table- or pole-dancing, performances involving feigned violence or horrific incidents, feigned or actual sexual acts or fetishism, or entertainment involving strong and offensive language.

- 2.25 Applicants must be clear in their operating schedules about the activities and times at which the events would take place to help determine when it is not appropriate for children to enter the premises. Consideration should also be given to the proximity of premises to schools and youth clubs so that applicants take appropriate steps to ensure that advertising relating to their premises, or relating to events at their premises, is not displayed at a time when children are likely to be near the premises.
- 2.26 Licensing authorities and responsible authorities should expect applicants, when preparing an operating schedule or club operating schedule, to set out the steps to be taken to protect children from harm when on the premises.
- 2.27 Conditions, where they are appropriate, should reflect the licensable activities taking place on the premises. In addition to the mandatory condition regarding age verification, other conditions relating to the protection of children from harm can include:
 - · restrictions on the hours when children may be present;
 - restrictions or exclusions on the presence of children under certain ages when particular specified activities are taking place;
 - restrictions on the parts of the premises to which children may have access;
 - age restrictions (below 18);
 - restrictions or exclusions when certain activities are taking place;
 - requirements for an accompanying adult (including for example, a combination of requirements which provide that children under a particular age must be accompanied by an adult); and
 - full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.
- 2.28 Please see also Chapter 10 for details about the Licensing Act 2003 (Mandatory Licensing Conditions) Order 2010.
- 2.29 Licensing authorities should give considerable weight to representations about child protection matters. In addition to the responsible authority whose functions relate directly to child protection, the Director of Public Health may also have access to relevant evidence to inform such representations. These representations may include, amongst other things, the use of health data about the harms that alcohol can cause to underage drinkers. Where a responsible authority, or other person, presents evidence to the licensing authority linking specific premises with harms to children (such as ambulance data or emergency department attendances by persons under 18 years old with alcohol- related illnesses or injuries) this evidence should be considered, and the licensing authority should also consider what action is appropriate to ensure this licensing objective is effectively enforced. In relation to applications for the grant of a licence in areas where evidence is presented on high levels of alcohol-related harms in persons aged under 18, it is recommended that the licensing authority considers what conditions may be appropriate to ensure that this objective is promoted effectively.

- 2.30 The 2003 Act provides that, where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibition of a film, it must include a condition requiring the admission of children to films to be restricted in accordance with recommendations given either by a body designated under section 4 of the Video Recordings Act 1984 specified in the licence (the British Board of Film Classification is currently the only body which has been so designated) or by the licensing authority itself. Further details are given in Chapter 10.
- 2.31 Theatres may present a range of diverse activities and entertainment including, for example, variety shows incorporating adult entertainment. It is appropriate in these cases for a licensing authority to consider restricting the admission of children in such circumstances. Entertainments may also be presented at theatres specifically for children. It will be appropriate to consider whether a condition should be attached to a premises licence or club premises certificate which requires the presence of a sufficient number of adult staff on the premises to ensure the wellbeing of the children during any emergency.

Offences relating to the sale and supply of alcohol to children

2.32 Licensing authorities are expected to maintain close contact with the police, young offenders' teams and trading standards officers (who can carry out test purchases under section 154 of the 2003 Act) about the extent of unlawful sales and consumption of alcohol by minors and to be involved in the development of any strategies to control or prevent these unlawful activities and to pursue prosecutions. Licensing authorities, alongside the police, are prosecuting authorities for the purposes of these offences, except for the offences under section 147A (persistently selling alcohol to children). Where, as a matter of policy, warnings are given to retailers prior to any decision to prosecute in respect of an offence, it is important that each of the enforcement arms should be aware of the warnings each of them has given.

Table of relevant offences under the 2003 Act

Section	Offence	Prosecuting Authority
Section 145	Unaccompanied children prohibited from certain premises	Police and/or Licensing Authority
Section 146	Sale of alcohol to children	Police, Licensing Authority and/or Local Weights and Measures Authority
Section 147	Allowing the sale of alcohol to children	Police, Licensing Authority and/or Local Weights and Measures Authority
Section 147A	Persistently selling alcohol to children	Police and/or Local Weights and Measures Authority
Section 149	Purchase of alcohol by or on behalf of children	Police and/or Licensing Authority
Section 150	Consumption of alcohol by children	Police and/or Licensing Authority
Section 151	Delivering alcohol to children	Police and/or Licensing Authority
Section 152	Sending a child to obtain alcohol	Police and/or Licensing Authority
Section 153	Prohibition of unsupervised sales by children	Police and/or Licensing Authority